of a similar character, all of them, of course, being objected to.

The House protracted its session until after half-peat seven o'clock, which is the hour for holding the evening pession, and then adjourned till to-morrow morning.

NEWS FROM THE PACIFIC.

Arrival of the California Pony Express FORT KRARNY, March 21, 1861.

The pony express passed here at twenty minutes past in o'clock this afternoon, about thirty hours ahead of SAN FRANCISCO, March 9-3:40 P. M.

Arrived on the 8th, steamer California, from Panama, with the New York mails of the 1st and 11th of February. The steamer Uncle Sam, which left Panama for Sam see on the 11th with the New York mails and pasregers of the 1st of February, broke her shaft before meching Acapulco, and entered that port on the 19th, un-ble to proceed further. Eight days later the Califormin arrived on her upward trip, and took from the Uncle Sam the mails, five ladies and fourteen genthe Unite Sam's passengers, and 106 steerage passengers, bringing them'to San Francisco. The balance of the Unite Sam's passengers were left at Acapulco, and will come up in the next steamer, the Golden Gate, which will also take the Unite Sam in tow for this port. Al Uncle Sam's passengers were well. lled to-day ships Jacob Bell, London ; Malay, Hong

The bark E. A. Rawlings, recently from Malaga, with a sarge of fruit, which has been sold at auction for \$7,700

The following passengers from the Uncle Sam came on ard the California to San Francisco:-Gen. Colton an

The following passengers from the Uncle Sam came on board the California to San Francisco:—Gen. Colton and sister, J. W. Raymond, Edward Flint, G. H. Howard, Mr. Kirkear, G. A. Edmonson, G. Resing, E. Appleton, Mr. Kirkear, G. A. Edmonson, G. Resing, E. Appleton, J. C. Shelton, Miss H. Chumming, John H. Brooke, E. Avery—and 10d in the steerage.

There is more demand for money to-day than had been anticipated, and a good average treasury shipment is predicted for Monday's steamer, composed largely of Coin. The rates of interest are two per cent and under with an abundant supply. Notwithstanding the general complaint of dull times, reports of transactions indicate some activity at very low prices for most descriptions of imported goods. Crushed sugar has advanced, and New York could be placed by the 100 bbls. at 11½c.; sales of over 1,000 bbls. within the past twenty-four hours at 11½c. a 11½c.; the demand being speculative. Rio coffee, 15½c. a 15½c.; candies remained dull at about 20c. In other r spects the market is unchanged. The market for wheat and barley is more active since the favorable accounts from shipments already made to England; choice wheat brings \$1 95 per hundred pounds, with some sales of extra choice at \$2.

The clipper ship Great Republic has been chartered for Liverpool, and is expected to carry the largest cargo of wheat and flour ever put'on board a vessel, most of which has been quietly purchased, and is ready for shipment. The ship Eagle Wing has finished loading her cargo for England, consisting of upwards of 28 000 sacks of wheat. The spip Eagle Wing has finished loading her cargo for England, consisting of upwards of 28 000 sacks of wheat. The spip Eagle Wing has finished loading her cargo for England, consisting of upwards of 28 000 sacks of wheat. The spip Eagle Wing has finished loading her cargo for England, consisting of upwards of 28 000 sacks of wheat. The population as twelve o'clock to day to ballot for United States Senator. The Legislature assembled in Joint Convention at tw

for can be elected.

A series of strong Union resolutions passed the Assembly yesterday, that body refusing to concur in the Crittenden compromise resolutions as passed by the Senate. All the republicans voted for the Assembly resolutions, and four more ballots were had on the fifth and last. The vote was as follows:—Denver, 15; McDougall, 25; Nugent, 16; Phelps, 21; Weller, 19; Crenner, 7; Hoge, 2; Peacock, 1; Bowle, 1.

The joint Convention adjourned till Monday at two o'clock.

o'clock.

Eastern dates are received by the Pony Express and overland mail to the 20th ult., giving brief reports of President Lincoln's speeches in the North and Jeff Davis's in the South, with full reports of the latters inaugural at Montgomery. The effect is more than ever discouraging to our people, who nearly despair of preserving the Union entire.

entire.

A fire recently occurred in Quincy, Plumas county, destroying the American Hotel and other public buildings.

Loss \$30,000.

Intelligence from the Coso, Esmeraldo and the new silver mining districts on the Colorado, extending into New Mexico, are very encouraging. The emigration to each of the districts will be large this spring.

Nemination of Mr. John Sherman for United States Senator-National Con-

Vention. CLEVELAND, March 21, 1801. Mr. John Sherman was nominated at Columbus las night as United States Senator on the seventy ninth ballot, which stood, Sherman, 43; Dennison, 23; Schenck,

A resolution requesting Congress to call a National Convention has passed both houses of the Ohio Legislature. Disaster to the Ship Liverpool Packet.

Bosrow, March 21, 1861. The ship Liverpool Packet, from Liverpool for Boston, is ashore near Edgartown, with masts cut away. Has le anchors, boats, chains, and is full of water. She has be towed into Edgartown. All hands saved.

News from Havana.

New ORLEANS, March 21, 1861.

The steamship Cahawba, from Havana the 17th, has rived.

arrived.

Sugars were dull at 6½ a 7 reals for numbers 12 to 14.

Sugars were dull at 6½ a 7 reals for numbers 12 to 14.

Molasses dull. Freights unaltered: much depressed.

Sterling exchange, 10 a 10½ per cent premium; sight exchange on New York, 1 a 3 per cent premium.

Frince Alfred had been beard from at Bermuda. He will arrive at Hayana about the 1st of April. Grand preparations have been made for his reception.

The yacht Mary Kingsland, from New York, has been wrecked on the Florida coast. The Scott theatrical troupe was rescued by the Cahawba after several days' exposure. Nearly all the property and the boat were lost, valued at \$4,000.

The Suffering in Kamsas.

Joseph Pattowatiers, with a number of the leading men of the tribe, came in yesterday with seventeen teams for supplies from the Relief Society, and were supplied with corn, flour, beans, meat and clothing, and with a quantity of wheat for seed.

They claim the \$600,000 due them from the government, for which they have recently instituted a suit. The tribe numbers 2,700 and the head men estimate that there are over 1,000 needing assistance.

Over 20,000 bushels of seed wheat have been received and distributed from this point, together with large amounts of garden and other seed. Near 300 teams were loaded with supplies of different descriptions to-day.

The weather is cold and windy here and the second

The weather is cold and windy here, and the season very backward.

Railroad Accident...
Csucago, March 21, 1861.
A freight train on the Illinois Central Railroad, this morning, when four miles east of Gilman Illi., ran off the track, and a man named John Cooke was badly hurt, and two of his children were killed.

The Western Stage Arrived.

FORT KRARNEY, March 21, 1861.

The Western stage for Omaha passed here to-day at three P. M.

three P. M.

DENVER CITY, March 13, 1861.

The guich miners in the Blue river county are making some big strikes already this apring, and there is quite i rush in that direction. There is a perceptible increase in the amount of dust in circulation.

Markets. PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARD.
PHILADELPHIA STOCK BOARD.
PHILADELPHIA, March 21, 1861.
Stocks heavy. Ponnsylvania State 5's, 87%; Readil
Railroad, 21%; Morris Canal, 54%; Long laiand Railroa
16. Sight exchange on New York at par a 1-10 per ce
discount.

discount.

New ORIEARS, March 21, 1861.

Cotton—Sales of 6,000 bales at 12c. a 12½c. for mid dlings. Sugar quiet at 4½c. a 5½c. Moiasses, 24c. a 26c. Flour quiet at \$5.60. Mixed corn, 56c. a 58c. Pork quiet \$18 for mess. Other articles are generally unchanged Momis, March 21, 1861.

Cotton—Sales of 2,700 bales at 11½c. a 12c. for mid dling. There is a good demand and prices advancing.

Cotton—The market is firm: sales of 1,000 bales; good 120.; inferior 10½c. a 11c. Corn is active; sales of 40,000 bushels at 65c. a 67c. Naval stores dull; tar \$1 50. Staves active; red oak, hogsheads, 37c.; white, 66 a 67c.; pape, 75c.

MISSOURI RECHANGE.
St. Louis, March 21, 1861.
Bight exchange on New York 3 a 3% per cent premium. Missouri funds—Prices exsier, but quotations unchanged. Illinois and Wisconsin currency 1% a 2 per

Flour dull and heavy; Howard street and Ohio \$5 a \$5 12 %; City Milb \$5: no sales. Wheat active and firm; red \$1 25 a \$1 30; white \$1 40 a \$1 55. Corn active; mixed 55c. a 57c.; white 60c. a 64c. Provisions dull and unshanged. Coffee firm at 12%c. a 13c. Whiskey dull at 17c.

Flour quiet: sales 2,000 bbls. superfine at \$5 a \$5 50.

Wheat advanced 2c. a \$6; sales 3,000 bushels red at \$1 25.

\$1 29; white, \$1 50. Corn advanced 3c.: sales 14,000 suchels at 59c. a 60c. Whiskey steady at 18c. a 18\(\frac{1}{2}\)c.

Flour dull and not much doing; prices unchanged.
Whiskey dull at 13%c. Provisions quiet, but firm mess
pork, \$16 75 a \$17; bacon, 7%c. for aboulders, 9%c. for
sides and 10%c. for hams; sales 100,000 lbs. buck sides at
\$160,000 lbs. and \$100,000 lbs. buck sides at
York firm at 1% premium.

Fine Arts,
THIRTY-BIXTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE MATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

Like Quakers' anniversaries, the opening of the Academy
exhibition is sure to bring with it bad weather. It may
be as safely predicted that the latter will be stormy and
unpropitious for picture seeing, as that the hanging committee will consign all that is really worth looking at to
dark corners, while medicerity is allowed to purp the dark corners, while medicerity is allowed to usurp the places of honor. We regret to say that in both these respects the exhibition of this year exhibits no improve-

nent over its predecessors.

We see no good reason why the period fixed for the we see no good reason why the period fixed for the opening of the Academy should be in the most inclement month of the twelve. If the object be to display the pic-tures to the best advantage, and to attract as many visiters as possible, the middle of April or the beginning visiters as possible, the middle of April or the beginning of May would be soon enough for it. During such weather as we have at present it is impossible to judge fairly of the works exhibited; and even supposing the light to be favorable, the coldness of the galleries, owing to the miserable arrangements made for warming them, would chall out any art enthusiasm that the visiter might feel. We understand that the Council have some idea of extending the present exhibition to the end of May. If, coupled with this project, they ha postpound the opening two or three weeks later, they would have saved themselves some expense and done better for the interests of the exhibitors.

In the catalogue of this season we find enumerated

In the catalogue of this season we find enumerated no less than five hundred and seventy-seven work of all kinds, more than a third of which might have been advantageously omitted. Still, on the whole, the exhibition is better than that of las year. There are fewer works of great pretension, but there are, at the same time, more frequent evidence of conscientious application and careful study. Anothe noticeable feature is the increase in the number of figure and historical compositions. This we owe to the popularity which the works of the modern French school are larity which the works of the modern French school are attaining here. They find so ready a market amongst us that our own artists are beginning to direct their attention to these branches. The duty imposed by the Morrill tariff on foreign pictures will benefit the latter pecuniarily by affording them a field for productions of the same class; but what they gain in this way they will lose in] another, by the exclusion of works whose value in an educational point of view is inserting ble.

We shall now proceed to notice in their numerical order a few of the pictures which attracted our attention

order a rew of the pictures which attracted our attention during a short visit to the gallery yesterday.— 15. Portrait of a lady. Mathew Wilson. A pleasing pastel, the sweetness of the countenance and the delicate tones of the flesh being most truthfully rendered. 23. "A Gentleman," by E. Saintin. A beautifully executed three quarter portrait, in water colors, of one of

the male pets of society.

24. A portrait of a lady, and the pendant to the last, is exquisitely drawn and tinted. It is almost equal in execution to the water color sketches by Vidal, shown at the last French exhibition at Goupil's.

48. "The Raising of Jairus' Daughter." J. W. Khninger, N. A. A large chalk composition, sweetly treated, but wanting in the breadth essential to such a subject. The female figures are beautifully drawn.

53. "A Design for St. John's Church, Brooklyn." Henry M. Congdon. We are glad to see a son of one of our most distinguished connoisseurs entering himself as an exhibitor. This and another drawing shown by him manifest unquestionable talent.
58. "A Young Jewess," and 91, "An Ideal Head in

Crayon," by Mrs. H. M. Field, are exceedingly clever, and exhibit not only poetry of feeling, but fine drawing. 107. "From the Stile at Sunnyside." G. Thorndyke. This painting, as well as No. 235, "Rough Point, New-port," by the same artist, would be effective but for the mannerism of tone which pervades them. Although a salmon tint may be among the countless and ever varying aspects to which nature treats us, we object to its saturating with its sickly light a whole lanescape, as it does in both cases. 114. "View of Florence;" and No. 120, "Lake Avernus,"

hue, however, in this case being a muddy green, in which sky, landscape and buildings lose their distinctive features. These affectations are the more to be depre-cated, for both Mr. Thoradike and Mr. Hilton have more

legitimate means of distinguishing themselves.

122. Portrait of a lady. N. B. Kittell. Clearly and forcibly painted. One of the best portraits in the exhi-

123. "On the Coast of the Island of Jersey." M. F. H. De Hass. The first of these pictures we have had occasion oud, Mr. De Hand' last and most to notice before. The recount, Mr. De Haar hast and most important work, has only just been completed. It fully bears out the opinion we have already expressed regarding the capabilities of this young artist. It is a bold, vigorous painting, and exhibits both in its conception and manner of treatment unmistakeable evidences of genius. The effect of the picture is in a degree marred by the wretched light in which it is hung. This, however, does not prevent its merits at once impressing themselves, on not prevent its merits at once impressing themselves on the visiter.

180. "A Foggy Mouning at Mount Desert." A. Wust. coloring, and leaves the eye unsatisfied as to detail. 134. "After a Stormy Night at Sea." A. Plageman. ambitious work, but in execution it falls short of the effect aimed at. We like better Mr. Plageman's two other

143. "The Rendezvous," by Frank Howland. A broadly painted picture, combining both sentenest and force.
148. "The White Mountains from Mount Carter," by
E. W. Nichols. Feeble both in drawing and coloring.
151. Fortrait of Mrs. Hunt; and 157, portrait of W. S. Thayer, by W. M. Hunt, are worthy of a careful study

Thayer, by W. M. Hunt, are werthy of a careful study for their truthful and masterly handling.

F. O. Darley has in the first gallery to which this notice has been confined a number of spirited India ink illustrations of the works of Cooper, Dickens and other popular writers. We regret that our space will not permit us to proceed further with the catalogue to-day. We shall, however, take an early opportunity to return to it.

City Intelligence.

CONTRACTS FOR SHWESS,—At noon on last Wednesday the following proposals for building sewers were opened at the office of the Croton Board, in the presence of the

the office of the Croton Board, in the presence of the Comptroller:—
In Norfolk street, from Rivington to Delancey, to O. Farley, at \$1,412 75.
In Pearl street, from Chatham street to 436 Pearl, to O. Farley, at \$1,213 65.
In Heater street, from Chatham street to 426 Pearl, to O. Farley, at \$1,213 65.
In Hockee, at \$622.
In Ludlow street, from Stanton to Rivington, to J. Hammend and B. Sheridan, at \$1,473 25.
In Second avenue, from Forty-seventh to Forty-ninth streets, to J. H. McCabe, at \$2,365 50.
In Twenty-fourth street, from Tenth avenue to Hudson river, to Thomas McConnell, at \$1,042.
In Iwenty-sixth street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues, to Jardine & Johnson, at \$1,091.
Trunk sewer in plez 25 East river, as an outlet for the present sewer in Feck slip—three bids—to C. P. Devkin, at \$2,365 28.
Bourse Explosion in Arm Street.—Late on Wednesday afternoon a steam boiler in L. Arnold's printing ink manufactory, No. 61 Ann street, exploded suddenly and scattered some sixty gallons of hot oil, contained in a kettle near the boiler, about the premises. A workman named John Ebbs was terribly scalded, and two others, named Moses Fatterson and Thomas Jones, were likewise injured by the heated oil, but in a less dangerous manner. The scalding Ebbs received was so painful that he had to be removed to the New York Hospital for medical treatment, where he lies in a critical condition.

Snow, Rain and Sussi, three of the most harassing cvils which afflict New York in wintry weather, were yesterday showered upon the devoted city all in a heap. At early dawn moy was spread upon the story face of

Snow, Rain and Stuss, three of the most harassing evils which afflict New York in wintry weather, were yesterday showered upon the devoted city all in a heap. At early dawn snow was spread upon the stony face of the streets, a few hours later rain pelted down in uncom promising torrents, and about noon soft slush flourished in abundance all over. So the scene shifted and con tinued to shift during twenty-four hours, and a mor dreary day on the whole seldom visited the city.

Gymnatic Exhibition and Receptor.—The pupils of Ferguson's Gymnasium, Crosby street, gave a public reception, a night or two since, which was very largely at tended. The gymnasium is one of the oldest and best appointed in the city, and numbers among its attendants many accomplished and expert athletes. Messrs. Buermeyn, Honeywell, Connor, Smith, Norvell, and others, "brought down the house" by their feats. A class of the teachers of our city grammar schools is organizing to attend this gymnasium. The example is a good one.

A Child Stolker from Irs Hoss.—A listle child, named Anna Green, two years of ago, with fair hair, light complexion and blue eyes, was spirited away from the home of her parents, No. 61 James street, on the 28th of last month. At the time of her disappearance she had on a dark plaid cape, white linen pinafore, brown cotton frock, two white flannel petticoats, little morocco gaiters and plaid stockings. The police are on the lookout for the child, and a certain woman is suspected of being the guilty party. Any information of the child will of course gratify the parents and aid in the recovery. The woman is described as having a full face, high forehead, blue eyes, and a gap in the front row of teeth.

Effects of the Storm of Yesterday. ALBANY, March 21, 1861.

No boats have arrived here to-day. The steamer Hero hich left here last night for New York, is at Castleton, high and dry in the ice, and the Hendrik Hudson, at Shinebeck, is also less bound. The passengers have all seen transferred to the Hudson River Railroad.

been transferred to the Hudson River Railroad.

It is snowing fast and very cold. Between Poughkeepsie and this point the snow is about six inches deep.

Rosnour, March 21, 1861.

A tremendous snow storm has been raging here for the past twenty hours, and snow to the depth of fifteen inches has already fallen, with a prospect of plenty more. Navigation is impossible on the river. The boats due here this morning from New York could only reach Newburg.

reach Newburg.
The steamer Hendrik Hudson, from New York Tues day, bound for Albany, has succeeded in making a safe harbor in the creek here, after laying two days at Rhine-

The steamer Vanderbilt, also of New York, bound to Troy, now lays at Red Hook, where she has been since

yesterday morning.
Steamers and vessels have all made safe harbors in this vicinity, as far as we can learn.

THE STORM IN BOSTON. Beston, March 21—9 P. M.
The thickest snow storm of the season occurred here since neen to-day, a strong southeast gale prevailing.
There is every indication of a change to rain.

THE STORM IN PHILADELPHIA. PHILADRIPHIA, March 21, 1861.
A very high wind prevails here to-night. It is cold and snowing, with every indication of rain.

Military Intelligence.

THE LAST OF THE TWELFTH REGIMENT LECTURES.

The third and the last in the course of military lectures before the Twelfth regiment was delivered Friday evening at Irving Hall, by Captain Mansfield Lovell, before a highly respectable audience. The subject was, "Heavy ordnance and sea coast defences"—a branch of military science which has been lately attracting much attention in the First division. Captain Lovell proceeds. attention in the First division. Captain Lovell proceeded to explain, in a plain, practical manner the different kinds of heavy ordnance used for the purpose of seacoast defence, showing the difference between guns, columbiads, howitzers and mortars, and defining the special uses to which each is applied; and he took occasion to correct some of the popular erroneous impressions with regard to the ranges and effects of heavy guns. He described the various kinds of shot and shells now used, and the manner in which they are made most effective, and illustrated his positions by a reference to some of the prominent events of late American and European campaigns, particularly at Montercy, Vera Cruz, Sweaborg and Odessa. The manner of throwing large shells from mortars, and oxploding them at the proper moment by means of fuses cut to the requisite lengths, was particularly explained. A full description was likewise given of the method adopted by Captain Rodman in casting his monster cannon of fifteen inch calibre, which throws a shell weighing more than four hundred pounds to a distance of four miles; and the speaker dwelt upon some of the advantages which are likely to result from the use of guns of this enormous calibre, against iron plated ships. This portion of the subject was novel and particularly interesting to military men, as showing the manner in which Capt. Rodman, by the use of very large grained powder proposes to obviate the practical difficulties of casting a mass of iron of sufficient strength to resist the strain of the explosion of the enormous quantities of powder required to propel a ball of such huge dimensions. As the subject was explained by Capt. Lovell there would seem to be no goed reason, why guns should not be cast which should be able to throw a projectile weighing not less than a thousand pounds. The effect of jusch a mass of iron of migning upon the side of a vessel would be such as to crush in the stoutest steel plates; and the explosion of a single able to throw a projectile weighing t attention in the First division. Captain Loyell proceeded to explain, in a plain, practical manner the

impinging upon the side of a vessel would be such as to crush in the stoutest steel plates; and the explasion of a single shell would sink the best man-of-war that floats the ocean.

Captain Lovell then spoke of the naval means that would be brought to bear in an attack upon our coast defences, and described the manner in which ships were to be protected from the effects of shot and shell. The ability of wooden vessels to sustain the battering of heavy guns with solid shot was illustrated by a reference to the battle of Tratagar and other instances in English naval history, while the terrifies effect of shells was made apparent at the battle of Sincpe and by experiments made by the French and American governments. The remarks of the speaker surprised the audience with the vast improvements that had been made in late years both in the means of attack and defence of sea coast works. A general sketch was then given of the plan adopted by the Beard of Engineers for the defence of our scaboard—the number of forts, their armaments, and the war garrisons required for their defence. The liability of New York to attack in case of war was particularly dweit upan, and a full description was given by Captain Lovell of the means provided for its defence by the general government, in the way of forts and guns. The speaker then took the military men of the city to task for their failure to respond to the efforts of the government, by taking measures to provide an adequate supply of instructed artillerists the serve the guns in case of need, declaring that the whol responsibility and diagrace of the destruction of the city would be justly chargeable upon them if it should evertake place. He sketched briefly a plan by which a sufficient number of men might be instructed in time of peace to answer war purposes, and declared that the feasibility of this plan had alroady been demonstrated by the New York City Guard. In conclusion he carneetly exhorted the citizen solders of New York to lead themselves to the work of placing their

bor and bay.

Among the military men present were General C. A. Arthur, of Governor Morgan's staff; ex-Colonel Abram Duryce, of the Seventh regiment; Colonel Butterfield and Lieutenant Colonel Ward, of the Twelrth regiment; Col. J. C. Pinckney, of the Sixth; Brigadier Engineer Hubbell, of the Second brigade; Captains Boyle and Reid, of the Twelfth regiment; Surgeon Woodward, of the Division Staff; Colonel M. Van Buren, of the Ninth, and delegations from many of the regiments in the division. The old City Guard, Company C, of the Ninth regiment, from the command of which the lecturer recently resigned, was present in full force. During the delivery of the lecture the speaker was warmly applauded.

The Twelfth regiment deserve well of the First Division, for the inauguration of a movement which cannot but result for the benefit of the military at large. The lectures were not instituted with the idea of a pecuniarily advantageous result, nor was it so; on the contrary, the information that has been thus given to those that attended the course may be said to have been given as the volunteer contribution of one of the most enterprising corps in the First Division.

SEVENTH REGIMENT WING DRILL.

SEVENTH REGIMENT WING DRILL.

volunteer contribution of one of the most enterprising corps in the First Division.

SEVENTH REGIMENT WING DRILL.

The left wing of the Seventh regiment, consisting of the Fourth, Second, Fifth and Third companies, under the respective commands of Captains Riblett, Clark, Speight and Price, gave a very creditable drill last night, at their new Armory, before a select company of about one thousand friends, both ladies and gentlemen. The regimental line was formed precisely at eight o'clock by acting Adjutant Wm. Gurney. The first sergeauts reported the strength of their companies, when the Adjutant equalised the commands by detailing men from the strong ones to the weak—thus equalizing the company fronts. The four companies were then sub-divided so as to represent eight battalion companies, the first lieutenants assuming the positions of captains. After the formation of the regimental line, Colonel Lefferts commenced and exercised the regiment in the manual of arms, and opening and closing ranks. He then very courtecualy turned over the command to Major Shaler—who, by the way, is an excellent officer—when the latter exercised the regiment pretty thoroughly in the manual of arms, opening and closing ranks, marching by the finals in four ranks, and turning to the left in column by companies. After this the men were allowed a short intermission. Colonel Lefferts then resumed command, and the skill of the regiment was well tested in the loadings and firings by files, companies, wing and battalion, oblique and direct. The firing by file at first was too precipitate, some of the men not retrining the necessary equasimity in the drill. After a few words of caution from the Colonel, the firing was resumed with better success. The file firing, or what may be more properly styled "firing at will," was very well executed, and gave the spectators a very good idea of the exciting some of a real battle. The ladies appeared to enjoy the sham fight hugely. The evening's drill concluded after a very creditable exhibition in seve

An Intanto of Grapus.—Kelley's Island, in Lake Erie, near Sanduaky, is famous for its vineyards. The number of acres on the island set to grapes is two hundred and thirty; of these, sixty-two are in bearing; the others were set in 1856 and 1850. These are divided amoughty-seven proprietors, each having a vineyard of from one to twenty-three acres. About one-tonth of the land is occupied. In one of the vineyards the vines are six feet apart one way, and eight feet the other, the rows running north and south, and the vines trailed on wires fastened to posts twenty-live feet apart. At three years the yield should be three thousand pounds to the acre, which is about half a crop; but an acre in full bearing will produce seven thousand pounds, worth \$450. Grapes are shipped East and West in boxes. The Catawba is the principal variety. About one aixth of the grape crop this year was made into wine. The value of last year's crop, which was about twenty acres in extent, was \$8,000; there are sixty-two acres of grapes, worth \$140 per acre—in all \$25,000.

SUICIDE OF ARSON.

Finale of the Bergen Wife Poissaing Case.
THE CONDENNED CUTS THE VEINS OF HIS ARM AND
THE JUGULAR VEIN OF HIS NICE—THE ACT PREMEDITATED—THE PREPARATIONS FOR THE EXECUTION GUT SHORT—THE EXCIT DENT IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD, ETC., ETC.
William Abson forestalled-the action of the law, which
would have consigned him to an ignominious death early
next month, by committing suicide early yesterday morning is his cell in the Hudson county jail, Hudson City, by
severing the veins of his arm and neck. From the evidence of the Coroner's inquest it appears that this act had
long been premeditated, and that Abson sullenly awaited
the extinction of the last hope of pardon or reprieve to long been premeditated, and that Abson sultonly awared the extinction of the last hope of pardon or reprieve to carry out his intentions. Having a large family, for whom he always exhibited the greatest affection, he took this summary way of saving them the painful hoirloom of a parent's public execution. His bidest daughter, Elizabeth, had openly expressed, on several occasions, her desire to see him die in any other manner than by

Abson, it will be recollected, was convicted of the poisoning of his wife Jane in November last, and was tried and sentenced to death the following January. Ho was represented by the best counsel the State could pro-duce, and every effort made by his faithful friends to procure his acquittal. This was unsuccessful, and their attention was turned towards his clearance by other means. A new trial was asked, which being denied, the case was carried to the Court of Pardons, where was to be found the last judicial resort. Here again they were defeated, and although almost disheartened, prepared petitions of commutation to the Governor, which were in circulation and obtaining signatures at the time of the

On Tuesday morning Sheriff Francis communicated to the prisoner the decision of the Court of Pardons, which was received with the usual characteristic stole at the same time impressing ou Abson the inutility of further hope and the necessity of preparation for his end. He then ordered a careful examination of the prisoner and his surroundings, by Mr. Chase, who, after a minute examination found three pieces of cord, a nail carefully ground to a sharp edge in the lining of his coat, a piece of pointed tin fastened in the collar of his vest, and a nee-dle which had been carefully hidden in the lining of his vest. These things, estensibly obtained for the purpose of self-destruction, roused the fears of the Sheriff, who at once had the prisoner removed to another cell. The instrument which he used-a small knife blade-musi have been secreted during this search in his mouth, as he kept a continued though, at the time, unnoticed sileno during the progress of the examination of his person. Soon after he was locked in his new cell he asked for pen and paper and wrote the following unique composition, showing the pleasure he enjoyed at having secreted something by which he might close his career. It was found at the time of his death folded and lying not far distant from the bed:—

by which he might close his career. It was found at the time of his death folded and lying not far distant from the bed:—

they searched me from head to shoe but did not know where else to go

They did not think that I had a skin on my Back
But though they were so cute I deceaved them in all their pursuit.

And won the lariis myself they could not reveal
But though it is an awful thing for me to conceale
Such an awful sting—my hand did treamble
i was glad i thought i was all right they would find it
I was glad to deceave them
they were very near it
they will think how they escaped it
Now I should not be hung—hung as they thought.

This document clearly expresses in its doggerel rhyme
the ideas which occupied the suicide's mind previous
to their consummation. Two men were engaged, on his
removal, with instructions to arrange with each other
so that a continual surveillance might be kept on the
prisoner by night and day. The testimony of these two
men, Baldwin and Allyn, are the only accounts which relate to the actual committal of the deed.

H. I. Baldwin testifies on each that he was employed
in the jail watching Abson from one o'clock P. M. until
half past twelve at night, when he was relieved by
Allyn, during which time he heard no noise outside but
that occasioned by turning in a straw bed.

Robert Allyn testified that he succeeded Baldwin in
the watch at half past twelve at night; at about half-past
one o'clock heard a noise in the cell, and asked what was
the matter; receiving no answer to this he held a candle
up to the bars and saw Abson with his arm raised up
against the wall by his bedside, which, when moved, disclosed blood upon the wall and abset; calling Baldwin,
who siept in an adjoining cell, the two keepers entered
the cell, and found Abson trying to get out of bed; they
bandaged up the arm which they found cut, and procured a drink of water at Abson's request, after which
he gradually sank, and in about three quarters of an
hour died.

A doctor was immediately summoned, but every effort
of

bandaged up the arm which they found cut, and procured a drink of water at Abson's request, after which
he gradually sank, and in about three-quarters of an
hour died.

A doctor was immediately summoned, but every effort
of course proved fruitless. The bed was found to be
completely seaked through by blood, and the body presented a horrible appearance. An old suspender had been
tied tightly above the elbow, and both the radial and
medial weins were found to be completely severed at the
elbow joint of the left arm; in the morning, upon further
examination, the jugular vein was found out longitudnally for about an inch at the right side of the neck.

To commit the deed with the weapon, the most
remarkable nerve must have been necessary, as,
from its small size and duliness, repeated and
muscular efforts must have been necessary to cut
the tough covering of the veins. In choosing veins
he also showed a degree of cunning not to be expected
from one in his situation; knowing that their evacuation
was silent though slow, he cut them in preference to the
adjoining arteries, the cutting of which would have produced much more rapid death though at the same time
subjecting him to chances of detection from the noise occasioned by the gushing forth of the blood.

The news of the suicide spread with the greatest rapidity throughout the neighborhood and produced an in-

The news of the suicide spread with the greatest rapidity throughout the neighborhood and produced an intense excitement wherever the parties concerned were known by reputation or acquaintance. The act occupied all the conversation of the day, and nothing was discussed with more real interest than any incident relating to the trial, imprisonment or suicide of the unfortunateman.

the trial, imprisonment or suicide of the unfortunate man.

Coroner Gafney, hearing of the occurrence, immediately repaired to the jail, and summoning a jury, proceeded to investigate the cause of death. Much testimony was taken, but of no importance further than eliciting the already made known facts. Julia Kennedy was called on, and testified that she had had no communication whatever with Abson since his trial. The fact of his lawing frequently spoken of suicide was established by several witnesses.

The preparations for the execution had already been in a rapid state of progression. Word had been sent on to Newark for the gallows, which arrived at the jail yard just in time to be countermanded back as unnecessary. Excavations had been made for, and a portion of a brick wail, intended to shut out the execution, had been already built. On these preparations Abson had repeatedly passed sneering remarks, the force of which was much better understood after than before the suicide.

The friends have taken possession of the body, which will be laid out at his former residence, and on the rendition of a verdict, carried to Greenwood Cemetery. The inquest was postponed at six o'clock last evening until this morning at nine o'clock.

Railroad Accident.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21, 1861.

An accident occurred to the mail train on the Pennsy vanis Railroad last night. It ran into some cattle on it track, near Attona. The baggage and mail car caugifire. The mail matter, with the baggage of eighty pasengers, was destroyed. No lives were lost. Nobod was injured. The train arrived here this afternoon.

The Canadian Parliament.

MONTHEAL, March 21, 1861.

The address in reply to the Governor's speech was caried in the Assembly. The Orange amendments ce suring the conduct of the Ministry, in connection with the troubles at Kingston during the visit of the Prince Wales, were lost by a large majority.

The Kansas Methodist Episcopal Conference.

Arctison, March 21, 1861.

The Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church for this State commenced its session this morajing, with Bishop Morris presiding, and some extra members, from all parts of the State, in attendance.

THE ESD OF THE OHIO FAT BOY.—The body of Vantile Mack, the celebrated Ohio Fat Boy, who died in New York while exhibiting at Barnum's Museum, passed through the city on Thursday, by railroad. It was marked, "Agent Ohio Fat Boy, Darlington, Pa.," and was described on the bill of lading as follows,—"One Fat Boy—dead. Double first class passenger freight. Weight, 660 pounds. Freight, \$2 50." The weight, as above given, includes the coffin and box.—Püzbury Journal, March 11.

given, includes the community for the present of the late "cold snap" following immediately upon the spring-like weather which marked the close of February, has nipped in the bud the crop of 1881, and subjected the peach growers of the State to a loss of thousands of dollars. It is hoped that the peach trees in New Jersey and Delaware are safe.

TEMBURAPH TO EUROPE.—The Russian government is ex-tending telegraph lines to its Pacific possessions, where, by a submarine line across Bherring's Straits, they can units with the line to be constructed by a company char-tered by the Canadian Parliament, from the trading posts of the Hudson's Bay Company to Quebec.

CANAL NAVIGATION —Navigation on the Delaware and Raritan Canal will be opened on the 20th inst.

INDIANS IN WASHINGTON.—Delegations of the Chootaw and the Chicasaw nations are now in Washington for the transaction of business with the general government. Canal Navidation.—The Cumberland Civilian says that navigation upon the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal has been resumed, and boats are now passing.

Loose Legentation.—The Illinois Legislature attempted to pass a statute imposing a penalty for fast driving over the bridges of that State, but by inadvertently leaving out the word "fast," or neglecting to specify the legal rate of speed, has positively prohibited driving over the

The Wall Street Ferry Controversy-Cu-SUPREME COURT-CIRCUIT.

Before Hon. Judge Clerke. MARCH 21 .- Jacob Sharp vs. the Mayor, de., of New Fork.—This case came up for trial to day. It is a suit growing out of the Wall street ferry litigation. Sharp was the lessee of the Corporation, and after he had made large expenditures and incurred liabilities in the erection of ferry buildings and the construction of boats, he was

large expenditures and incurred liabilities in the erection of ferry buildings and the construction of boats, he was stopped by an injunction issued on behalf of Robert J. Murray, on the ground that his rights of property in the adjacent pier—No. 16 East river—were being encroached upon. The suit was decided ir favor of Murray, and Sharp had to agree to pay him \$4,000 a year for ten years. Sharp now sues the Corporation for the damages thus sustained by him.

The plaintiff himself was the first witness put upon the stant to prove the facts. At noon the Court took a rocess for ten minutes. At its reassembling, one of the jurors (Mr. Hennessy) addressed the Judge, stating that a young man behind him (meaning Mr. bekay, another of the jurors) was indiscrectly talking about the case, and expressing his opinion that the plaintiff was a damned railroad contractor, that he was concerned in the Broadway railroad job, and declaring that he ought not to get a verdict in this case. Mr. DeKay retorted by saying that he had heard from another juror that Mr. Hennessy was prejudiced in favor of the plaintiff, and would find a verdict against the city. Mr. Hennessy declared that he had no acquaintance with Mr. Sharp, and had never seen him before. Under these peculiar circumstances, Judge Clorke, and Messrs. Field and Noyes, counsel in the case, agreed that the case could not be properly tried before this jury, and finally a juror was withdrawn and the case was set down for trial de news for Monday week.

Moving Away.—The Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle says:—
"Some of the people of South Carolina appear to be getting sick of separate State secession and forced loans, and are moving from the State with all possible haste. Measurs. Farr, Cotter and Burns, with their families, thirty five negroes, twenty horses, wagons, carriages, &c., were found on the Admiral last evening on their way to a new home near the mouth of the Arkansas river. There are said to be many others in the Palmotto State who will follow their example, and leave as soon as possible."

Arrivals and Departures.

Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVALS.

RICHMOND, &c.—Stemahip Yorktown—Miss Ada Sprague, Mrs Hancock, E ByCarling, U S A, and lady, E P Learned, O B Wolverton, M Dannenberg, Miss Dallan, John Ney, Win H Burdick, Mrs Markens and five children, B Trott, Capt Thos Wren—and ten in the steerage.

Liverfool—Steamship Nisquars, from Boston—Measrs T L Winthrop, of Boston; J Lindeley, of Dorchester; E Torrey, of South Weymouth; F A Cushman, of Lebanon, N H; F W Beimer, J Steinburg, J Still, H A Fanshawa and J C Herard, of New York; A Finder, of California; William Relley, of Sright Order of Service, and Still, H A Fanshawa and J C Herard, of New York; A Finder, of California; William Relley, of Sright Order, and Street, and Children, Measrs M Droyer, John T Wyide, E G Fuller and James B Knowlan, of Halifax; J J Adam, of Newfoundland—Street, Bark Tacony—Wes C December 1988, 2015.

CETTE-Bark Tacony-Wm C Dow. CRITE-Bark Tacony-Win C Dow.

SAVANIAR-Steamship Florida-Mr and Mrs Baker, two children and infami: H B Hyde, Mrs V Hassett, Mrs M J Sommerhaya, J M Wright, Mrs Gillies, Mrs A Chichester, W Price, Jos Herser, Geo S Belknap, Elias Feck, Geo W Day, Mrs Edwards, Mrs GO Peters, Miss Kate Peters, Miss Stoutenbourg, W S Taylor, Mrs and Mrs B Kaisden and infamit; B Wattfelder, B Bentley, J Gilliespie, P Duffy, Peter H Jackson, B T Jones, Mrs L G Watson, Miss McCoy, Dr Farley, Stephen Tutlie, T G Togale, Wmtharrold, Chas G Haines, Stophen Tutlie, T G Togale, Wmtharrold, Chas G Haines, Lyman, F Hamidon, Frank Amidon, Geo G Goodycar, A Lincoln Lewis, R T Blydenburgh, Lewis L Jackson, Wm Hoyd and family, Miss Mary Feters, it Crane, and others.

CHARLESTON-Steamer Columbia—S J Toblas, D A Ambler, Hoyd and family, Miss Mary Peters, H Crane, and others.

CHARLESTON—Ricemer Columbia—B J Tobias, D A Ambier,
L Feyser, L Johnson, Geo C Hayes, Thos Prosser, H Hendricks, Chas I Bacon and lady, J Alt, I Butelke, Icobt Daly
and lady, Mrs A Wilson, R G Dale, G B Coit, Jr, Dr H W
Weedon, J L Tatun, T Wohlbouck, I N Calder, Sam'l Hope,
O H Blaisdell, R J Bowe, R Kirkpatrick, F Duclos, Miss
Craig, H A Richardson, Chas Webb, Dr Sam'l Gourdin and
lady, Jno Marris, Catk e Kelly, W Ryan, J G Milnor, E Thayer, H J Phillips.

er, H J Primps.

Richmon, &c.—Steamship Yorktown.—P Keating and child,
L Tobi, S Weil, Mrs Sevello, P E Sprinill, Dr Whitehead, V
Collian—and eight in the steerage.

Konroux, &c.—Steamship Roanoke—G W Cameron and lady, G W Butler and lady, Wm A Lash, L W Shattuck, E R Ormack, T D Stedge, Wm N Biakeman, Jr., Miss E Blakeman,
Mrs De Lanier—and five in the steerage.

Drawings of the Delaware State Lotteries.—WOOD, EDDY & CO., Managers of the Delaware, State Lotteries.—WOOD, EDDY & CO., Managers of the Delaware, Kentucky and Missouri State Lotteries.

Driaware.—Extra Class 187, March 21, 1861.

73, 61, 38, 58, 60, 75, 17, 74, 26, 39, 27, 41.

Driaware.—Class 188, March 21, 1861.

55, 72, 49, 16, 34, 39, 20, 14, 71, 7, 21, 25, 76.

Circulars containing schemes, with full particulars, sent free of charge by addressing either to WOOD, EDDY & CO., Wilmington, Delaware, Or to WOOD, EDDY & CO. St. Louis, Missouri.

The Drawings of the Sussex County and R. FRANCE & CO., MANAGERS.

The Legislature of the State of Delaware having given to R. France & Co. a lottery contract for twenty years, we, the undersigned, Commissioners appointed by the Governor of said State to superintend the drawing of said tottery, do hereby certify that the following are the numbers drawn this

CAY:—

BUSSEX COUSTY—CLASS 69, March 21, 1861.

7, 30, 67, 19, 35, 14, 44, 45, 52, 18, 64, 69.

CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY—CLASS 44, March 21, 1861.

44, 20, 25, 50, 66, 34, 53, 28, 32, 7, 78, 62.

Witness our hands at Wilmington, Del., this day (Thursda Harch 21, 1861.

JOHN WALKER, Coramission

JOHN WALKER, Coramission

Circulars sent free of charge by addressing

R. FRANCE & CO., Wilmington, Delawa A Plain Businesslike Store-Moderate

espenses—the best Hais that can be manufactured, and the cheapest prices that can be afforded are the items of ESPENCHEID'S business system. He invites special atten-tion to the splendid Soft Hais for spring, just transmitted from his manufactory to his salesrooms, 115 Nassau street. Laidles' Galter Boots at 12s.; Slippers

prices, at MILLER & CO.'8, 387 C. Steinway & Son's Overstrung Grand and Equare Planos are now considered the best manufac-tured; are warranted for five years. Warercoms, 82 and 84 Walker acreet.

Brooklyn.—Charles H. Williamson's Photographic Portrait Gallery, Fulton street, opposite Clinion. Established 1801.

Wheeler & Wilson's Improved Sewing Machines at reduced prices. Office, 365 Broadway.

Barry's Tricopherous is the Best and cheapest sricle for dressing, beautifying, curling, cleanading, preserving and restoring the hair. Lades, try it. Sold by all druggies

Batchelor's Newly Invented Wigs and Toupees are most perfect imitations of nature. Send for a measure card to 16 Bond street, New York.

Hill, Imimitable Cutter of Hair Whiskers, No. 1 Barday street. Hair Dye, 50 cents; bi brown.

brown.

Oristadoro's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees. The best in the world; wholesale and reisil and the dye privately applied. No. 6; Abro House.

Batchelor's Hair Dye—Reliable and Instantaneous: black or brown. Factory 81 Barday street. Sold and applied at W. A. BATCHELOR'S, 16 Bond street. Moldavia Cream Forces the Hair, Whis-

kers and mustaches to grow luxuriantly. Sold wh retail by W. A. BATCHELOR, 16 Bond street. Trusses.—Marsh & Co.'s Radical Cure Truss. No. 2 Vesey street, (Astor House,) opposite the church

Married.
Whous-Woodcock.—At St. Luke's church, Brooklyn, by the Rev. J. W. Diller, on Thursday, March 21, Frank A. Whous, of Buffalo, to Marganer A. Woodcock, of brooklyn.

ALLEY.—On Friday, March 15, of diptheria, Sorme LEWES, eldest daughter of Wm. H. Alley, of Williamsburg, aged 8 years. BRUCK.—On Tuesday, March 19, after a long illness, CATHARISE WOLFE, wife of George Bruce, in the 76th year of her age.

aged 8 years.

Bruck.—On Tuesday, March 19, after a long liness, Carmanks Wolfe, wife of George Bruce, in the 16th year of her age.

The funeral services will be performed at Grace church, Broadway, this (Friday) morning, at haif-past nine o'clock precisely. Her friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

Bishor.—On Thursday, March 21, Ann, the beloved wife of William Henry Bishop, aged 24 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her father, Patrick Sweeney, No. 7 Cannon street, this (Friday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

Bishors.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 20, Rev. Wm. Briden, in the 50th year of his age.

The friends of the family and the teachers of the Normal and Public Schools of New York, with which he was for many years connected, are invited to attend the funeral services, at Plymouth church (Rev. Mr. Bescher's), Brooklyn, on Saturday afternoon, at two o'clock.

Batrills.—On Thursday, March 21, in the 48d year of his age, Michael M. Batrills, a native of Screen, county Sligo, Ireland.

The friends of the family, and of his brother, Peter M. Battells, and of his brother-in-law, Rev. P. Kenna, D. D., are respectfully invited to attend the juneral, from his late residence, 170 Court street, South Brocklyn, on Saturday afternoon, at half-past two o'clock.

Langford and Sligo papers please copy.

Charress.—On Thursday morning, March 21, of diptheria, Ophilia Fairman, daughter of the late Benjamin J. and Amanda Chambers, and grandsughter of Miles Chambers, Eq., of Bergen, N. J., aged I years, 11 months and 8 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday morning, as half-past nine o'clock.

Courseaux.—On Wednesday, March 20, German Giranov, only son of Win. and Ann Cochrane, aged 3 years and 6 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 171 South Eighth street, Brooklyn, E. D., this (Frid

tend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 26 West Forticth street, this (Friday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

DALASY.—On Tuesday, March 19, Judan Dalasy, with o'clock.

DALASY.—On Tuesday, March 19, Judan Dalasy, with o'clock, The friends of the family and the friends of her brether, P. Cuddy, also her brothers-in-law, M. Fietcher and J. Bakay, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, Cypress Hills, L. I. Her remains will be intered in Calvary Cometery.

DRASE.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, March 20, EDWAND DRASE, a the 69th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from his late residence, Na 300 Addiphi street, Brocklyn, this (Friday) afternoon, at two o'clock, without further notice.

DR GROOT.—On Thursday afternoon, March 21, Marwan Drense, and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from hor late residence, 253 West Sixteenth street, on Saturday afternoon, at half-past one o'clock, without further invitation.

DENNES, aged 61 years and 9 monibs.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the faneral, from the residence of her son, James McKee, corner of Clesson avenue and Lefferts street, this (Friday) afternoon, at four o'clock. The femains to be taken to the city of Klizabeth, N. J., on Saturday afternoon, at four o'clock in the fanily are invited to increase of the funeral will be given in to-morrow's paper.

Ennyon.—On Wednesday, March 20, Ann Edistron, aged 67 years.

late residence, No. 3 Green lane, James Devells.
Notice of the funeral will be given in to-morrow's paper.
Edinton.—On Wednesday, March 20, Ann Edinton, aged 67 years.
Her friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this day (Friday), from her late residence, No. 50 North Seventh street, Williamsburg.
Ferroman.—At Duanceburg, Schenectady county, N. Y., on Sunday, March 17, Thomas Ferromans, son of the late Gideon and Eliza A. Freeborn, in the 43d year of his age.
Ferro.—On Thursday, March 21, Sarah Amerikanos, wig of J. Milton Ferry, in the 22d year of her age.
The relatives and friends of the family, and of hor father, Mr. P. A. Howe, are requested to attend the funeral, from Twenty-seventh Methodist Episcopal church, on Saturday morning, at eleven o'clock.
Gayler.—On Tuesday, March 19, Charles J. Gayler.
aged 64 years.
The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, at three o'clock, from the residence of his son-in-law, Wm. Okell, No. 142 Remsen street, Brocklyn.
Gilyan.—On Thursday, March 21, Margarer, youngest daughter of John and Mary Gilyan, aged 9 months.
The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of her paronts, No. 105 Thompson street.
Howen, Con Wednesday, March 20, Caroline, wife of John J. liopper, aged 34 years and 9 months.
The funeral will take place this (Friday) afternoon, at three o'clock, from the residence, No. 146 East Thrity fifth street. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

Jessey.—On Thursday morning, March 21, Emily C., wife of Rendender T. Lesun.

ty fifth streef. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

Jessey.—On Thursday morning, March 21, Emm C., wire of Benjamin T. Jessey.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday afternoon, at one o'clock, from her late. residence, No. 48 West. Twenty-second street, without further invitation.

King.—At his residence, No. 91 Main street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 29, Christophus King, aged 41 years and 2 menths.

Due notice of the funeral will be given in to-morrow's paper.

years and 2 months.

Due notice of the funeral will be given in to-morrow's paper.

McCass.—On Wednesday, March 20, Hugh McCass, a native of parish of Killann, connty of Cavan, Ireland, aged 75 years.

His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at two o'clock, from his late residence, 121 East Eleventh street. His remains will be intered in Calvary Cometery.

Marstras —On Wednesday, March 20, suddenly, Resecca H., wife of Silas W. Marsters, and daughter of the late Henry Sillcocks, of New Brunswick, N. J., in the 35th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 199 East Broadway, this (Friday) morning, at ten o'clock.

McCans.—Hugh McCans, a native of the parish of Ks.—lann, county of Cavan, Ireland.

His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Fricay) afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, 121 East Eleventh street.

California papers please copy.

Manoxx.—On Thursday, March 21, Cathkrins Krass, the beloved wife of Morty Mahoney.

Her friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 184 Macison street, on Saturday, without further notice.

Neensam.—In Brooklyp, on Wednesday, March 29, Desnis Nemnas, aged 58 years.

The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at his late residence, No. 167 Front street, this (Friday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

O'Neill.—On Thursday, March 21, Jons O'Neml., a native of Valentia, county Kerry, Ireland, in the 87th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at his late residence, No. 167 Front street, this (Friday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

O'Neill.—On Thursday, March 21, Jons O'Neml., a native of Valentia, county Kerry, Ireland, in the 87th year of his age.

tive of Valentia, county Kerry, Ireland, in the 87th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 40 Whitehall street, on Saturday afternoon, at two o'clock. His remains will be interred in Calvary Cemetery.

ROBERT,—Oo Thursday evening, March 21, JULIUS D. ROBERT, in the 32d year of his age.

Notice of the funeral in Saturchy's papers.

RENNY.—In Jersey City, MICHAEL RENNY, a native of Longford, Ireland, aged 30 years.

The friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturchy's further woo'clock, from his late residence, No. 212 Newark avenue, Jersey City.

STRUKLESS.—Suddenly, on Wedneeday, March 20, Nazarks Strukless, a native of Gramont, Belgium, of the firm of Struckess, Palmers, of this city, in the dist year of his age.

of his age.

His friends and those of his partner are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 213 East Tenth street, near Second avenue, this (Friday) morning, at half-past eight o'clock, from wheace the remains will be taken to the Church of St. Vinceas de Paul, where the service will be held at half-past nine. SANDS.—In Havana, RICHARD SANDS, of the firm of Sands Nathans & Co.

Nathans & Co.

His friends and the members of New York Lodge, Ne.

330, F. A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funcral, on Sunday, at twelve o'clock, from his late residence,
101st street and Bloomingdale road. Carriages will be in
waiting at ten o'clock A. M. at Odd Fellows' Hall, corner wanting at ten orders A, M. at Old Fellows Hall, corner of Grand and Centre streets.

SAUNDERS.—On Thursday morning, March 21, of diptheria, Inlin, second daughter of Edward A. and Eliza L. Saunders, aged 6 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to

therm, fring, aged 6 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) morning, at eleves o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 148 West

attend the funeral, this (Friday) morning, at elevem o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 148 West Thirty-seventh street.

Schaffner.—On Wednesday, March 20, Michael Schaffners.
The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday afternoos, at two o'clock, from his late residence, 18 Oliver street. Van Cort.—On Wednesday, March 20, James Frammer, son of Peter and Charlotte Van Cott, aged 6 years, 1 menth and 10 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 33 Norfolk street, this (Friday) afternoon, at one o'clock, without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

WHITE.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, March 20, Emma, beloved daughter of William and Sarah White, aged 7 years, 4 months and 26 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, 118 Bridge street, this (Friday) afternoon, at two o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WARENG.—At Hudson, on Monday, March 18, of apoplexy, Elizabern Armered, wife of George Waring, in the 70th year of her age.

Her remains were interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

MISCELLANEOUS. AT PRICES THAT COMMAND THE MARKET.

NEW YORK REROGENE ILLUMINATING ONE,
NEW YORK PARAFFINE ILLUMINATING ONE,
NEW YORK PATROLEUM ILLUMINATING ONE,
NEW YORK MACHINERY OILS.

COZZENS & CO., 59 Water street, N. T.

A MOST EXTRAORDINARY FACT.

Silver Flated Ware, Table Cutlery, and every tion of House Furnishing Goods, at less than panic process. B. B. BASSFORD, Cooper Institut

Corner of Astor place, Third and Fourth ave

A T WM. EVERDELL'S SONS, WEDDING CARDS AND Envelopes of the latest styles. 106 Fulton street, M. T. A SPECIAL NOTICE—GENTLEMEN, REMEMBERS one bottle Velpeau's Fills will remove any disease. Give it a trial. Price 50 cents.

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